

Inequalities and Absolute Value. Form A

1. The inequality $5 - 2x \leq 25$ is equivalent to which of the following inequalities?

(A) $x \leq 10$

(B) $x > -10$

(C) $x \geq -10$

(D) $x \leq -10$

(E) $x \geq 10$

$$5 - 2x \leq 25$$

$$-2x \leq 20 \quad -5$$

$$x \geq -10 \quad \div (-2)$$

Sign of inequality changes when x or $\div$ by a negative #

2. The inequality $2(5 - 3x) > 3(x - 1)$ is equivalent to which of the following inequalities?

(A) $x < \frac{13}{9}$

(B) $x > \frac{13}{6}$

(C) $x < \frac{9}{6}$

(D) $x > \frac{9}{6}$

(E) $x < 3$

$$2(5 - 3x) > 3(x - 1)$$

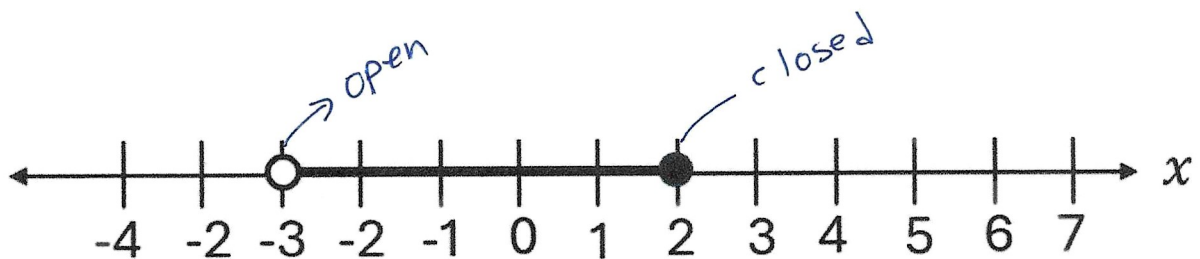
$$10 - 6x > 3x - 3$$

$$-6x - 3x > -3 - 10$$

$$-9x > -13$$

$$x < \frac{13}{9}$$

3. Which of the following inequalities represents the graph shown below on the real number line?



(A) $-3 \leq x < 2$

(B) $3 < x \leq 2$

(C) $-3 \leq x \leq 2$

(D) $-2 < x \leq 1$

(E) $-3 < x \leq 2$

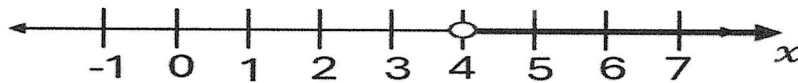
4. Which of the following inequalities represents the graph shown below on the real number line?



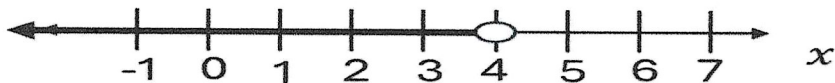
- (A) $-2 < x$ or $5 < x$
 (B) $-2 \geq x$ and $5 \geq x$
 (C) $-2 \leq x$ and $5 \geq x$
 (D) $-2 \geq x$ or $5 \leq x$
 (E) $-2 \geq x$ or $5 \geq x$

5. Which of the following inequalities represents the graph $x > 4$ on the real number line?

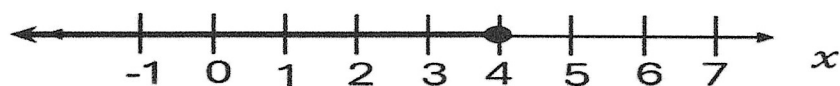
(A)



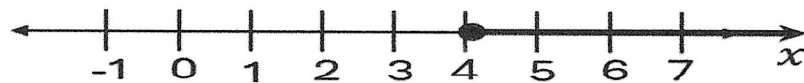
B



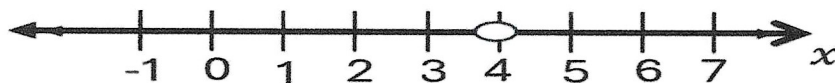
C



D



E



$A > 0$ means A is positive
 $AB > 0$ means A and B are both + or both negative

6. Which of the following represent the values of x that are the solutions for the inequality

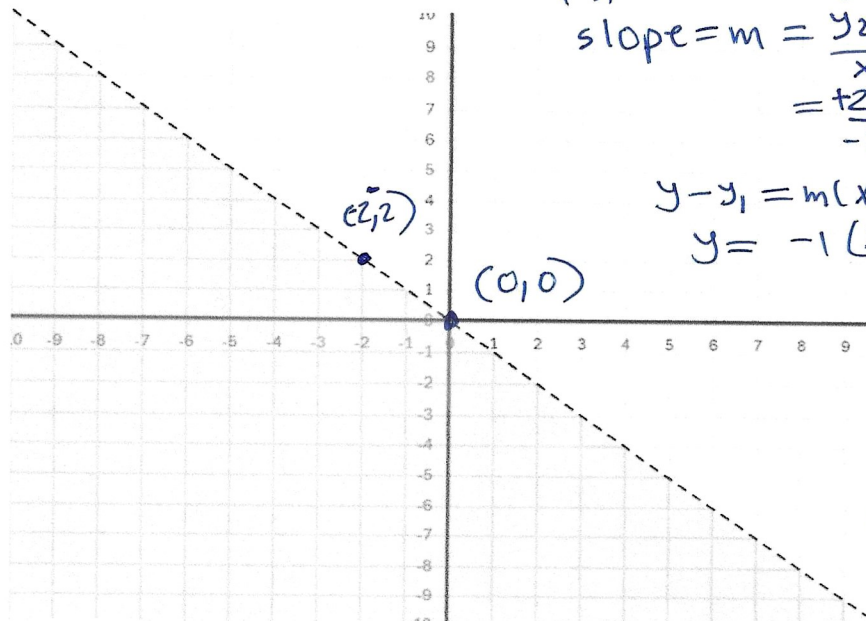
$(x + 3)(1 - x) \geq 0$

- (A) $-3 \leq x < 1$
- (B) $-3 \leq x \leq 1$
- (C) $-1 \leq x \leq 3$
- (D) $1 \geq x$ or $-3 \geq x$
- (E) $-1 \geq x$ or $3 \geq x$

$(x+3)(1-x) \geq 0$
 $(x+3)$ and $(1-x)$ need to have same sign since their product is positive
 so $x+3 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq -3$
 $1-x \geq 0 \Rightarrow 1 \geq x$
 $-3 \leq x \leq 1$

7. Which of the following is the inequality for the graph given below in the standard (x, y) coordinate plane?

Pick two points on dotted line $(0,0)$ and $(2,2)$
 x_1, y_1 x_2, y_2



- (A) $y + x < 0$
- (B) $y - x > 0$
- (C) $y \geq x$
- (D) $y \leq x$
- (E) $-9 < y + x \leq 0$

slope $= m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$
 $= \frac{2 - 0}{2 - 0} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$

$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$
 $y = 1(x)$
 $y = x$

so $y + x < 0$
 since shaded area is below graph or line

8. Which of the following graphs below is the representation for the inequality

$5y \geq 2x + 25$

Find equation of line

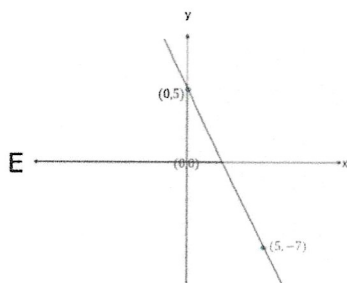
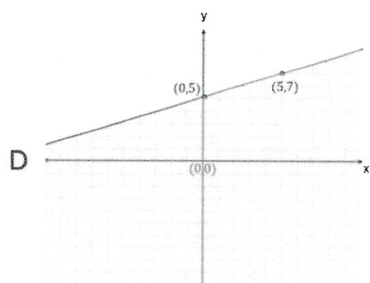
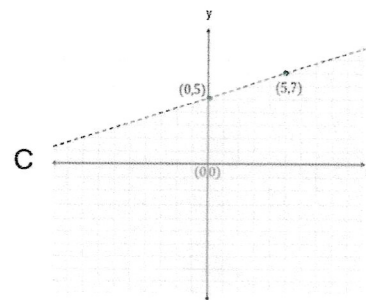
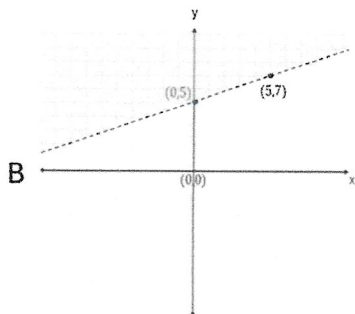
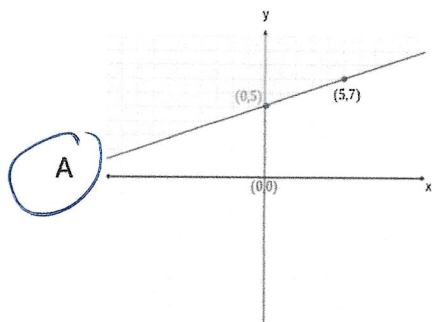
$5y = 2x + 25$

$y = \frac{2}{5}x + 5$

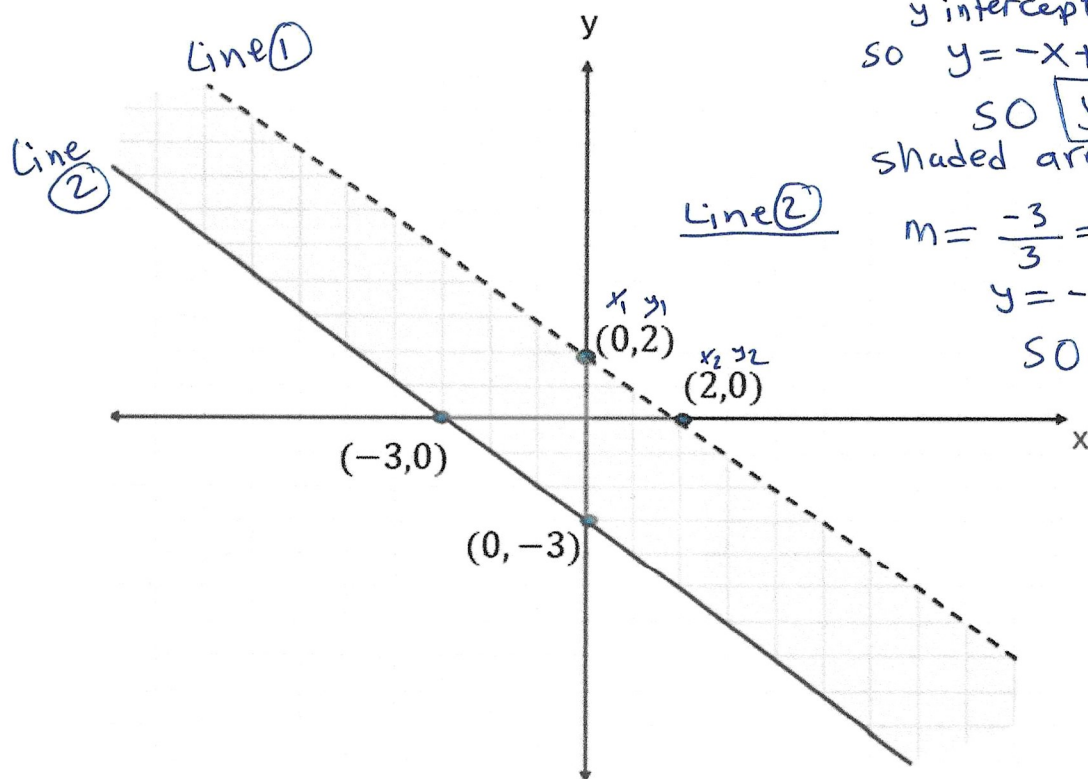
slope is positive and y-intercept is 5

$\geq$ means line is solid and shaded area above line so answer is A





9. Which of the following is the inequality for the graph shown below in the standard (x, y) coordinate plane?



Line 1

$$m = \frac{0-2}{2-0} = \frac{-2}{2} = -1$$

y intercept = 2

so $y = -x + 2$ line is dotted

so $y + x - 2 < 0$ since shaded area below line.

Line 2

$$m = \frac{-3}{3} = -1 \quad b = -3$$

$$y = -x - 3 \quad \text{or} \quad y + x + 3 = 0$$

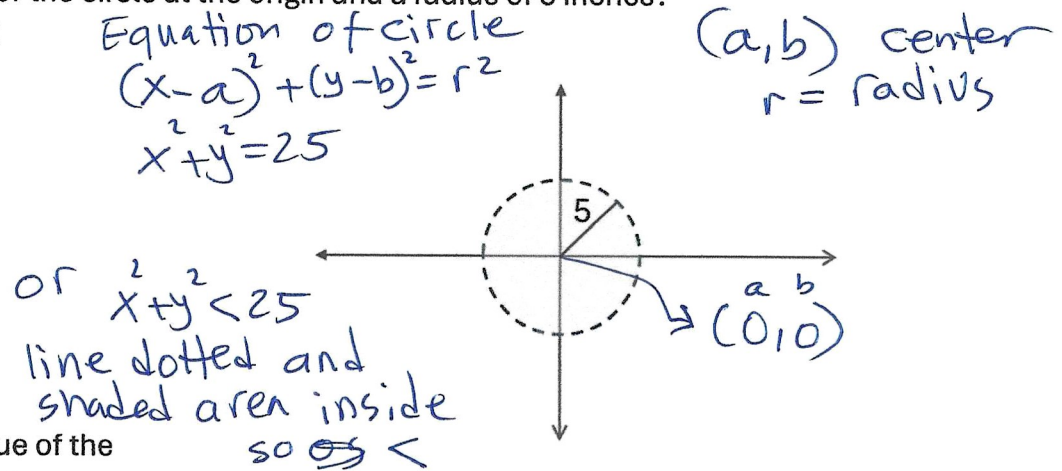
so $y + x + 3 \geq 0$
line solid & shaded area above line

(A) $0 < x + y \leq -3$

- (B) $y - x > -3$
 (C) $-3 \leq x + y < 2$
 (D) $-3 < x + y \leq 2$
 (E) $-3 < y \leq 2$

10. Which of the following is the inequality for the graph shown below in the standard (x, y) coordinate plane for the circle at the origin and a radius of 5 inches?

- (A) $x^2 - y^2 \leq 25$
 (B) $x^2 + y^2 \leq 5$
 (C) $x^2 + y^2 < 25$
 (D) $x^2 + y^2 \leq 5$
 (E) $x^2 - y^2 \leq 5$



11. What is the value of the expression $|-4| - |7 - 49| + 1$?

- (A) 47
 (B) -38
 (C) -37
 (D) 37
 (E) 38

$$\begin{aligned} & |-4| - |7 - 49| + 1 \\ &= 4 - |-42| + 1 \\ &= 4 - 42 + 1 = \end{aligned}$$

12. What is the value of the expression $|3(-3) - 18|$?

- (A) 27
 (B) -27
 (C) -9
 (D) 9
 (E) 18

$$= |-9 - 18| = |-27| = 27$$

13. What is the solution to the equation $|3x - 1| = 4$?

- (A) $x = 1$ or $x = \frac{5}{3}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \begin{aligned} & \downarrow \\ & 3x - 1 = 4 \\ & 3x = 5 \\ & \boxed{x = \frac{5}{3}} \end{aligned} & \begin{aligned} & \downarrow \\ & (3x - 1) = -4 \\ & 3x = -3 \\ & \boxed{x = -1} \end{aligned} \end{aligned}$$

(B) $x = -1$ or $x = -\frac{5}{3}$

(C) $x = -1$ or $x = \frac{5}{3}$

(D) $x = -1$ or $x = \frac{3}{5}$

(E) $x = -1$ or $x = \frac{4}{3}$

14. What is the solution to the equation $|1 - 2x| = 4$?

(A) $x = \frac{5}{2}$ or $x = \frac{3}{2}$

(B) $x = -\frac{2}{3}$ or $x = \frac{2}{5}$

(C) $x = \frac{3}{2}$ or $x = -\frac{5}{2}$

(D) $x = -3$ or $x = 5$

(E) $x = -\frac{3}{2}$ or $x = \frac{5}{2}$

$$\begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ 1 - 2x = 4 \\ 1 - 4 = 2x \\ -3 = 2x \\ x = -\frac{3}{2} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ 1 - 2x = -4 \\ 1 + 4 = 2x \\ 5 = 2x \\ x = \frac{5}{2} \end{array}$$

15. What is the solution to the inequality $|x - 4| < 7$?

(A) $-3 \leq x \leq 11$

(B) $x > 11$ or $x < -3$

(C) $-3 < x < 11$

(D) $x = -3$ or $x = 11$

(E) $-11 < x < 3$

$$\begin{array}{l} x - 4 < 7 \\ x < 11 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x - 4 > -7 \\ x > -3 \end{array}$$

$\begin{array}{c} \circ \\ -3 \end{array} \quad \text{and} \quad \begin{array}{c} \circ \\ 11 \end{array}$

16. What is the solution to the inequality $|x + 3| > 5$?

(A) $-8 \leq x \leq 2$

(B) $x > 2$ or $x < -8$

(C) $-8 < x < 2$

(D) $x = -8$ or $x = 2$

(E) $x > -8$ or $x < 2$

$$\begin{array}{l} x + 3 > 5 \\ x > 2 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x + 3 < -5 \\ x < -8 \end{array}$$

$\begin{array}{c} \leftarrow \quad \begin{array}{c} \circ \\ -8 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \circ \\ 2 \end{array} \quad \rightarrow \end{array}$
OR

17. What is the solution to the inequality $-2|2x + 3| + 14 \geq -16$?

- (A) $-9 \leq x \leq 6$
 (B) $x \geq 6$ or $x \leq -9$
 (C) $-9 < x < 2$
 (D) $x = -9$ or $x = 6$
 (E) $x > -9$ or $x < 6$

$$\begin{aligned} -2|2x+3| &\geq -30 & -14 \\ |2x+3| &\leq 15 & \div (-2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x+3 &\leq 15 \\ 2x &\leq 12 & x \leq 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x+3 &\geq -15 \\ 2x &\geq -18 \\ x &\geq -9 \end{aligned}$$



18. What is the solution to the inequality $|-2x + 7| + 5 \geq 14$?

- (A) $-1 \leq x \leq 8$
 (B) $x \leq -1$ or $x \geq 8$
 (C) $-1 < x < 8$
 (D) $x = 8$ or $x = -1$
 (E) $x \leq 16$

$$|-2x+7| \geq 9$$

$$\begin{aligned} -2x+7 &\geq 9 \\ -2x &\geq 2 \\ x &\leq -1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -2x+7 &\leq -9 \\ -2x &\leq -16 \\ x &\geq 8 \end{aligned}$$

OR



19. What is the solution to the inequality $2|x + 4| + 6 > -2$?

- (A) $0 < x < 8$
 (B) $x > 0$ or $x < -8$
 (C) $-\infty < x < \infty$
 (D) $x = 8$ or $x = 0$
 (E) $x \leq 8$

$$2|x+4| > -8$$

$$|x+4| > -4$$

$$\begin{aligned} x+4 &> -4 \\ x &> -8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x+4 &< 4 \\ x &< 0 \end{aligned}$$



20. What is the solution to the inequality $\frac{|3x-3|}{-5} > -12$?

- (A) $-19 < x < 21$
 (B) $x > 21$ or $x < -19$
 (C) $-\infty < x < \infty$
 (D) $x = -19$ or $x = 21$
 (E) $x < 60$

$$|3x-3| < 60$$

$$3x-3 < 60$$

$$3x < 63$$

$$x < 21$$

$$3x-3 > -60$$

$$3x > -57$$

$$x > -19$$



1. C 11. C
 2. A 12. A
 3. E 13. C
 4. D 14. E
 5. A 15. C

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 6. B | 16. B |
| 7. A | 17. A |
| 8. A | 18. B |
| 9. C | 19. C |
| 10. C | 20. A |